

POWERS PREPARING TO INTERVENE;
OPPOSITION FORMS A NEW CABINET

Internal Crisis Has Subsided in Greece, but the Situation Is Such That the Greek Foreign Minister at Berlin Has Asked for Interference by the Powers.

ASKS THAT TURKEY BE MADE TO GRANT ARMISTICE AT ONCE

Bombardment of Salonica by the Greeks Will Be Prevented by the Powers—Premier Ralli Seems To Hope Only for the Preservation of the Territorial Integrity of Greece—The New Cabinet Will Be Sworn In Today and Immediate Steps To Change the Situation Will Be Begun.

Berlin, April 29.—The Frankfurt Zeitung publishes a dispatch from Constantinople saying that owing to the Greek foreign minister having made the request to the Russian minister at Athens, the ambassadors of Great Britain, France and Russia at Constantinople have asked the Turkish government to grant Greece an armistice.

London, April 29.—All the talk now, says The Daily Mail's Berlin correspondent, is of the intervention of the powers.

Even Germany wishes to save Greece from the consequences of defeat and it is stated in Berlin circles that the powers will intervene of their own initiative if Greece does not invite them.

According to a dispatch from Constantinople to the Lokal Anzeiger, the sultan will accept the following conditions as the basis for peace:

"The withdrawal of Greek troops from Crete and the re-establishment of the frontier of 1881; Greece to be excluded from all the advantages of capitulations and to pay indemnity."

The Daily Mail's correspondent says the news from Greece continues alarming, and he understands that a Russian ship is lying at Piræus, the port of Athens, ready to embark the royal family.

London, April 29.—The Daily Mail's correspondent at Paris has had an interview with the ambassador of one of the powers of the dreadnought who emphatically denied that "any accord" exists between the triple alliance and Turkey.

The ambassador declared that not even Germany had entered into a treaty with the sultan.

London, April 29.—A dispatch to The Daily Mail from Rome says the powers will oppose, by force if necessary, the blockade or bombardment of Salonica in view of the damage that would be done to foreign commerce.

It is believed in Rome that the new Greek ministry will treat for peace in the hope of preserving the territorial integrity of Greece.

TURKISH SOLDIERS NOT BRUTAL
Rumors of Atrocities Committed Are Denied by Correspondents.

Constantinople, April 29.—The following official statement was issued here today:

"The sublime Porte formally contradicts the rumors of atrocities committed by the Turkish troops at Philippi, and also the report of the mistreatment of the Albanians. The testimony of all the correspondents of foreign newspapers at headquarters, and the admission they express for discipline, humane feeling and the moderation of the Ottoman soldiers, prove these accusations to be totally unfounded and due to the imagination of the people whose malevolence equals their mendacity. Edhem Pasha has taken all the measures to prevent every kind of abuse."

"The advantages which Turkey will derive from the war are already discussed in high quarters, where it is declared that Turkey should in any case be released from the obligations imposed upon her regarding Crete."

"It is also suggested that Cape Horta, opposite Preveza, at the entrance of the Gulf of Arta, should be restored to Turkey and that Greece should be required to pay a large indemnity. In military circles it is further urged that a Turkish squadron should be dispatched to Volo to support Edhem Pasha's operations at that district of Greece. The Turkish squadron, however, has not yet left the Dardanelles and the captain of an Austrian mail ship, which has just arrived here, reports that three of the Turkish warships and one of the Turkish torpedo boats have run aground in the Dardanelles. The Austrian captain adds that one of these warships is in a serious position, as the sea is breaking over her. It is believed that the war vessel collided during the progress of the naval maneuvers."

"The German ambassador, Baron Saurma von Jettich, had an audience with the sultan yesterday."

a ministry without the support of the other opposition section in the assembly, and he tried to induce M. Deligeorgis to join.

It is now believed that all serious danger of internal disorders is removed.

Owing to the absence of M. Teotaki, the new cabinet will not take the oath until tomorrow. M. Triantafylakos and M. Ef-taxias are mentioned for the ministry of education and the ministry of justice, respectively, in the place of M. Carapanos and M. Deligeorgis, who declined. M. Del-yannis appears to be assured of a majority in the legislative assembly, but it is probable that he will support the cabinet.

The new ministers, on the other hand, are confident of obtaining a working majority, owing to defections from their opponents.

The city tonight is exceedingly quiet. The courage of the Greeks Reviving. The courage of the Greek army is reviving. Crown Prince Constantin is visiting the various camps and inspiring confidence and hope. General Mavromichalis, late chief of the Greek staff, has left the Greek camp and is returning to Athens.



HON. JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN.

The Diplomatic Secretary of State for the British Colonies. He Had a Lively Row in the House of Commons Yesterday Over His Request for More Troops for the Transvaal.

In the direction of Trikkala, the Greeks have two battalions of infantry, several batteries of artillery and a squadron of cavalry. The Turkish authorities are striving to prevent excesses by the Turkish soldiers in the towns. The Turks have destroyed six guns found at Larissa.

WILL WED SHERIDAN'S WIDOW
Field's Visit to Chicago Starts Talk of Approaching Marriage.

Chicago, April 29.—The Daily News says it is common talk in Chicago society circles that Mr. Marshall Field is engaged to the widow of the late General Philip H. Sheridan and that the wedding will take place in the near future.

Mr. Field reached Chicago today, but refused to see a reporter who called for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the story of his engagement was true.

Mrs. Sheridan was formerly Miss Rucker, daughter of General Rucker, of the regular army, and was married to General Sheridan in this city about twenty years ago. She has three children. Since the death of her husband Mrs. Sheridan has resided in Washington. She is a devout Catholic and her children are being educated in schools of that faith.

Mr. Field has been a widower for about a year. He has two children, Marshall Field, Jr., who resides on Prairie avenue, and Mrs. Arthur Tree, who has since her marriage resided at Lexington, England.

TWO ARE DEAD AND ONE DYING
Officers Have Desperate Battle with Prisoner and His Friends.

Knoxville, Tenn., April 29.—(Special.)—A special from Johnson City says that two men were killed and one fatally wounded this afternoon while resisting arrest in Mitchell county, North Carolina, on the Toe river.

A man named Ray, a desperate character, had been arrested by the sheriff of the county, when two of Ray's friends attempted to rescue him.

Ray and one of his friends were killed and another will die. The sheriff and the deputy who accompanied him were not hurt.

The scene of the killing is in the mountains, several miles from any town or railroad.

CURFEW WON'T RING IN LANSING
Governor Pingree Vetoes the Donovan Bill and Gives His Reasons.

Lansing, Mich., April 29.—Governor Pingree this afternoon vetoed the Donovan curfew bill, which provided for the arrest of children allowed upon the streets after 8 p. m.

The governor characterizes the act as interference by the state in matters of purely domestic concern.

PETITION FORMALLY REJECTED
Presbyterian Synod Will Not Consider Charges Against Rev. John Watson.

London, April 29.—The Presbyterian synod, in session at Sunderland, today formally rejected the petition containing charges of heresy, presented against Rev. John Watson, D.D. (Jan. MacLaren), by a vote of 12 to 1, on the ground of its irregularity and the strong feeling shown in the document.

JAPAN WANTS TO
HAVE A WAR SCARE

Newspapers of the Mikado's Realm Are Agitated.

HAWAII IS THE CAUSE OF IT

Dole Refuses To Let Japanese Immigrants Land.

UNITED STATES WARSHIP IS PRESENT

It Is Said Japan Objects to This and Declares It Is Meant as a Menace.

San Francisco, April 29.—According to Japanese sources this morning, the Japanese government is aroused over the refusal of the Hawaiian government to per-

mit Shinshou Maru immigrants to land there and has ordered a warship to Honolulu to enforce what the Japanese immigrants consider their rights.

The foreign office instructed Higo Kencho, at Kobe, on the 8th instant, to stop the departure of emigrants for the island at once.

Grave complications have arisen, according to Japanese newspapers, over the action of the United States government in sending the Philadelphia to Honolulu. Japanese official advice claim the cruiser has been sent as a menace to the Japanese government and is significant and foretells of annexation of the island to the United States.

Japanese Talking War.
Japanese official newspapers are full of war talk. The Chuo states that a telegram had been received by the Japanese authorities to the effect that England has sent an ultimatum to the United States government that she objects to the intended annexation by the latter of the Hawaiian republic. The Sekai No Nihon says that a series of telegraphic communications are at present passing between the United States government and the United States government and is of the opinion that they relate to the refusal of the Hawaiian government to permit Japanese immigrants to land.

Admiral Is Awaiting Orders.
San Francisco, April 29.—The steamer Doric, which called at Honolulu, April 28, brings advice that Hawaiians are making much over the presence of the Philadelphia. The advice say it is certain that Admiral Bessard has not come to Honolulu clothed with executive power to execute a special mission for his government.

Had he come to annex the island or to reseat the ex-queen on her throne he certainly would not have left the deck awnings, set the painters to painting the ship and with the officers accept the hospitality of friends ashore. It is believed that the admiral is awaiting orders by the next steamer from San Francisco before proceeding on his mission.

Hawaiians believe the president is about to appoint a minister, who will come to Honolulu and consummate annexation. It is generally believed the cruiser Philadelphia was sent at the request of Acting Consul General Hills to protect United States citizens and property in case of trouble with the Japanese over the refusal of President Dole to permit the Japanese immigrants to land here.

Colonel C. S. Spaulding, cable promoter, has returned from Washington. His cable agreement with the government expires on May 1st. He will make an effort to have it extended, but it is understood that President Dole objects to granting an exclusive franchise to him.

Japanese Legation Interviewed.
Washington, April 29.—The officials of the Japanese legation in this city express themselves in positive terms as having no fear of international complications between Japan and Hawaii or the United States growing out of the differences between the two countries on the immigration question.

They belittle the possibility of war over complications that may arise and attribute such talk to the jingo newspapers which are disposed, they say, to make a great ado over matters that can be readily adjusted by diplomacy.

Depends on British Loyalty.
Mr. Chamberlain concluded with saying: "I do not believe there is a feeling to repudiate the policy of the government. On the contrary I believe the feeling of every

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HARCOURT MAKES
SERIOUS CHARGES

Causes Consternation in the House of Commons.

CHAMBERLAIN ANSWERS HIM

Fierce Interchange of Words Between the Two Englishmen.

BUDGET STATEMENT BEGAN THE TROUBLE

Grows Angry Over Sir William's Charges and Answers Accordingly.

London, April 29.—The chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks Beach, read the budget statement in the house of commons today. The balance in the account of 1896-97 shows the exchequer revenue to be £103,360,000, and the expenditures £101,477,000, leaving a surplus of £2,273,000.

The chancellor of the exchequer, who was heartily cheered, added that the national debt had been reduced £7,584,000 during the year and that the total value of British trade during the last fiscal year was £728,000,000, an increase of 1 per cent.

Regarding affairs in south Africa the chancellor said:

"We had to consider very carefully our position as to the paramount power in south Africa and decided to make a material increase in the imperial garrison in that colony. These measures are not taken in an aggressive spirit. We intend to fulfill our obligations and expect others to do the same. For this purpose we want £200,000."

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the liberal leader, referring to the £200,000 set apart in the budget estimates for strengthening the British garrison in south Africa, said this sum was for a war policy in south Africa, which the opposition was determined to resist.

Sir William accused Mr. Chamberlain of trying to arouse a war feeling and of using in all his recent statements "exaggerating language, calculated to excite feelings of racial hatred in south Africa, which, however, thank God, has failed."

Harcourt Hot After Chamberlain.
Sir William Harcourt's remarks were met with cries of "Oh!" Continuing, he said the policy of the secretary of state for the colonies, adding that he was happy to say the peaceful policy was supported by the government of Cape Colony.

The secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, here entered the house and amid cheers Sir William Harcourt said: "In the presence of Mr. Chamberlain I repeat that it was a defeat of an utterly unjustifiable attempt to excite ill feeling."

"When we are asked to refuse a reduction of the taxes of Great Britain in order to contribute money to promote warlike aggressive operations in south Africa we oppose a proposal to apply money to unjustifiable purposes against the will of the people and government of Cape Colony is one of the most injurious things with reference to the empire ever submitted to the house of commons."

Mr. Chamberlain said he had not expected to have to reply to such "perpetual dangerous language." He classed Sir William Harcourt's utterances as being "unpatriotic in the highest degree, embarrassing to the government and injurious to the cause of peace."

Continuing Mr. Chamberlain asserted that Sir William Harcourt's statements to the effect that the government's policy had been rejected by the Cape government and people were absolutely inaccurate. The policy of the government, he explained, had not changed from the first. Only circumstances had changed to some extent.

The government's policy, Mr. Chamberlain added, is to maintain its obligations, not to engage in any aggressive operations, nor to attack the independence of a friendly state, but "to maintain our own rights and the rights of the nation."

Chamberlain Comes Back Warmly.
"I had hoped," continued Mr. Chamberlain, "that our policy would continue to be non-partisan, but that hope has been disappointed in the face of Sir William Harcourt's speech and I now challenge him to raise the issue. (Cheers and counter cheers.) Are the opposition prepared to take issue with us when we say that while we intend to observe our own obligations we intend that obligations toward us shall also be maintained? The question is whether the Transvaal is not interference in the international affairs of the Transvaal nor an attack on the London convention upon our part, but breaches of convention upon the part of the Transvaal, and we are calling upon them in friendly terms to give us satisfaction."

Sir William Harcourt here interrupted Mr. Chamberlain by remarking: "You are asking for £200,000."

"What nonsense!" exclaimed Mr. Chamberlain hotly.

Prolonged cheering greeted the sharp answer of the secretary of state for the colonies, who continued:

"We ask for £200,000 when everybody knows the Transvaal is asking for a million and for hundreds and hundreds of thousands. The Transvaal has been arming to an extent absolutely unjustifiable by any ordinary policy of defense. We have not complained, but the result has been that the present armaments of the Transvaal are altogether disproportionate to the defensive resources of Cape Colony and the Transvaal armaments, after expending considerably over a million upon them, are still going on. Batteries of artillery and maxim guns, millions and millions of cartridges and hundreds of thousands of rifles have been imported into the Transvaal."

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HOME RULE PLAN
FOR CUBA SIGNED

Queen's Signature Perfects the Reforms Agreed Upon.

WEYLER'S CABLE CAUSED IT

He Wired Madrid That the Western Part of Island Is Pacified.

COUNCIL OF ADMINISTRATION CREATED

It Is a Parliament Composed of Thirty-One Members and Majority Elected by the Cubans—It Is the Plan Agreed Upon Some Time Ago.

Madrid, April 29.—The queen regent, at a cabinet meeting today, signed a decree providing for the application of the agreed-upon reforms for the island of Cuba. Her majesty's action was due to the receipt of a cable message from Captain General Weyler announcing that the western part of the island is completely pacified.

News Received in Havana.
Havana, April 29.—News reached here today from Madrid that the queen regent has signed a decree providing for immediately putting in operation the scheme for reforms in Cuba already agreed upon. A mail steamer was detained twenty-four hours at Cadix in order to carry the decree establishing the work of reform which will begin in the provinces of Pinar del Rio, Havana, Matanzas and Santa Clara.

What Washington Thinks.
Washington, April 29.—The announcement from Madrid that the queen regent has signed a decree applying the reform laws to Cuba is considered by officials here as a realization of the plans under negotiation for many months to give Cuba an autonomous form of government or home rule.

The home-rule plan about to be applied was made public in detail by Minister Dupuy de Lôme on February 6th last.

A council of administration is created for the government of affairs of the island. This council will be in the nature of a parliament made up of thirty-one members, a majority of them being elected by the Cubans and a lesser number appointed by the throne.

The council of administration is given practically supreme control of the island, subject to certain supervisory authority by the home government. One of the important features of the plan is that of allowing Cuba to revise her tariff schedules.

The reform law was passed March 15, 1895, but never applied to Cuba owing to the uprising.

On last New Year's day it was promulgated by the queen regent and gazetted in Havana as a concession of the new year. Its actual application was still withheld, however, until General Weyler could announce that the island was pacified.

On the king's fête day the plan was amplified.

The decree signed by the queen today appears to be the last step toward actually applying the law to Cuba.

SOCIETY LADIES IN MINISTERS
Chattanooga's Leading Social Dames Work Behind Burnt Cork.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 29.—(Special.)—One of the most unique entertainments ever seen here came off tonight at the opera house, being a minstrel show given by prominent society ladies of the city disguised with burnt cork and negro wigs.

They were dressed in swallow-tailed coats and white vests with white duck skirts. Mrs. W. J. Whitman and Mrs. H. J. Hatcher acted as end-men, while Miss Jennie Sharp, Mrs. C. E. James, Miss Lottie Dewees and other well-known young ladies took active parts in the performance.

Mrs. Lon Clark acted as interlocutor. The house was packed to the doors, the proceeds going to the woman's guild having charge of the children's refuge.

TO INVESTIGATE LEGISLATORS
Committee Appointed in Delaware's House of Representatives.

Dover, Del., April 29.—A decided sensation was created today by the action of the house of representatives in appointing a committee to investigate the charge recently made that certain members of the body had attempted to extort money from persons applying for legislation as the price of their favorable vote.

The resolution recites that "certain allegations have been made by the public press reflecting upon the integrity of this house."

The committee is composed of Representatives Hazell, Johnson and Cheairs.

Various charges of attempted extortion have been rumored, but the one upon which this action is based refers to the application made by Mrs. May White Gause, formerly of Philadelphia, for a divorce from her husband, H. Victor Gause.

Her attorney, J. H. Hoffecker, says he was approached by two members, who asked him to expend money for the purpose of having the bill passed, and feeling that he could not be successful without the use of money, he withdrew the bill and took the case to the court.

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ROAD IN COURT;
DOOLY IN CHARGE

Ed A. Richards, Lessee of Northeastern, in Receiver's Hands.

APPLICATION MADE YESTERDAY

Receiver Ripley, of the State Savings Bank, Files the Bill.

RICHARDS OWES THE BANK \$5,000

Charge Made That He Is Moving the Road's Funds to New York To Use in His Own Private Business—Rent Due Tomorrow.

Martin Dooly, of Atlanta, was appointed temporary receiver of Ed A. Richards & Co., lessees of the Northeastern Railroad of Georgia, by Judge N. L. Hutchins, of Clarke county superior court, yesterday at Athens.

The petition was presented by Lumpkin & Burnett and Anderson, Felder & Davis, attorneys for T. J. Ripley, receiver of the State Savings bank. The petition is a lengthy paper and contains a vast amount of interesting reading matter and makes allegations in regard to the business of Mr. Richards.

Mr. Ripley filed the petition on account of a debt of \$5,000 which is due the State Savings bank by Ed A. Richards & Co. The rental of the road falls due today and the petition was brought on the eve of this event in order that the lessees might not forfeit the contract and leave the Savings bank without anything to fall back on for the debt due by the lessees.

The petition was presented to Judge Hutchins in chambers at Athens yesterday, and he heard the lawyers for the plaintiff on the matter. Immediately after the presentation of the petition he appointed Mr. Martin Dooly temporary receiver to take charge of the road and conduct it until further orders by the court.

In the order appointing Mr. Dooly receiver the Ed A. Richards Company is ordered to appear before the court on May 1st and show cause why a permanent receiver should not be appointed to take charge of the affairs of the road.

There is a pretty point of law in connection with the appointment of a receiver for the Northeastern road, and this will probably be brought out, though there is hardly any possibility of causing any trouble.

When the lessees of the road fail to pay the quarterly rental of \$4,000 this morning Governor Atkinson has the power to take from them the road and to seize and hold it for the state of Georgia. The receiver now has charge of the road and it is hardly probable that the rent will be paid this morning.

The question now arises as to whether or not Governor Atkinson still has the right to withdraw the road, or must he allow the receiver to take the place of the lessees?

The attorneys for the plaintiff and the governor will hold a short consultation this morning and the feature of the case will probably be discussed at length. At this consultation arrangements will probably be made for the receiver of the road to pay the rent as it was to have been paid by the lessees.

The Petition for Receiver.
The petition of T. J. Ripley, praying that a temporary receiver be appointed for the Northeastern road, shows that on February 8, 1897, he was appointed receiver of the State Savings bank, and that about June 1, 1896, Ed A. Richards and J. P. Harrison, under the firm name of Ed A. Richards & Co., leased the Northeastern railroad for a term of twenty years.

That the firm of Ed A. Richards & Co., under the lease, took possession of the road and began to run and operate it, with their principal office at Athens, Clarke county, Ga., until about February 1, 1897, when the petitioners learned that the lessees, by some understanding between Harrison and Richards, Richards assumed sole control and management of the road and has continued to operate it.

The petition further shows that Ed A. Richards & Co. are indebted to the State Savings bank, of which the petitioner is receiver. On January 29th the bank advanced to Ed A. Richards & Co., lessees, the sum of \$5,000, and took from them six notes for the payment of the same. The first note was for \$1,000, and was due thirty days after date; the second, for \$1,500, and due sixty days after date; the third for the same amount, and due ninety days after date; the fourth for the same amount, and due four months after date; the fifth for \$700, and due five months after date; the sixth, for \$700, and due six months after date, and all bearing interest at the rate of 8 per cent.

The petition shows that credit was extended upon the terms and conditions that if the first note was not promptly paid at maturity, or any note thereafter not so paid, that each and all of said deferred payments should become at once due and collectible, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the notes.

Failed To Sign Contract.
In speaking of the conditions on which the notes were taken, the petition says: "To each and all of which said conditions the said lessees agreed and assented. The same to be reduced in writing and to be signed by the lessees."

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THREATEN TO FIRE THE COMMITTEE

Eight Members Give an Hour to the Tariff Bill Discussion.

FOUR OF EACH PARTY ON HAND

Democrats Stand Fast on Demand to Consider the Measure.

SENATOR JONES AN UNCERTAIN QUANTITY

Republicans May Bring in Original Dingley Bill Without an Amendment.

Washington, April 29.—The senate finance committee was in session for an hour today, four republicans and four democrats being present. No conclusion of any kind regarding the tariff bill was reached. The discussion was confined entirely to the proposition of the republicans to permit the bill to be reported direct to the senate and the alternative disposition to consider it was very briefly in committee. The democrats declined the first suggestion, but said with reference to the second that they could make no reply until they should have an opportunity to see the bill. One fact developed during the conference was that the republicans did not feel absolutely assured of the vote of Senator Jones, of Nevada, in committee. On the other hand, the democrats express confidence that he would at least stand with them, to the extent of seeing that they had time for consideration of the bill in committee. The republicans may evade the demands by reporting the Dingley bill back to the senate without any amendments whatever. This could be accomplished by the adoption of a resolution by the senate discharging the committee from the further consideration of the bill and ordering it to report it back.

The advisability of adopting such a course as this was discussed somewhat by the republican members of the finance committee after receiving the refusal of the democrats. They say the amendments agreed upon by the republican members could be presented from time to time in the senate, and they feel that there would be one great advantage in this course in avoiding the necessity of getting the assent of Senator Jones, of Nevada, to every change made before presenting the bill. The democratic members do not regard the outlook thus presented very seriously. They do not believe that the republican members of the committee would take the responsibility of reporting the bill without a change and pronounce the talk of such course as a "bluff."

DEVEAUX STILL IN IT.

The Savannah Negro Says He Has Not Withdrawn.
Brunswick, Ga., April 29.—(Special.)—The telegram from Savannah in today's Constitution concerning John H. Deveau's probable alleged retirement from the field has stirred up his friends. Deveau denies it strongly. Savannah correspondents attributed the rumor extensively, and succeeded in creating such a fever that a meeting of Deveau's friends was held here today.

Deveau wired an emphatic denial of the report. He authorizes the announcement tonight that he will fight to the last to secure the custom house job at Savannah. His support will be consolidated and at the final struggle a force of about 100 men will be made to defend Tomlinson F. Johnson and Joseph Doyle, his two strongest opponents. Deveau denies by wire to Brunswickians tonight that he will throw any part of his support to Johnson. He is standing by his guns and bringing every influence to bear for recognition. The Savannah custom house is the apple of his eye. If the colored brother is to get any pie for favors granted and votes cast, Deveau and his friends want his claims to be heeded. If the colored brother is to be given a setback by the G. O. P., Deveau thinks it is time it was known. He believes firmly that the Savannah job is coming his way, reports crediting him with surrender to the white brother opponents notwithstanding.

SENATE RECEIVES A MESSAGE

Absence of Members in New York Did Not Stop All Business.

Washington, April 29.—The question of whether business was to be done by the senate this week was raised today by Mr. Pettigrew, silver republican, of South Dakota, when the senate met. Mr. Pettigrew proposed that the senate direct a conference on the Indian appropriation bill. Mr. Chandler, republican, of New Hampshire, gave notice that he would object to any business being done, because there was a general understanding that none should be taken up during the absence of many senators in New York to attend the ceremonies of dedicating the Grant monument.

Other senators protested that there had been no such understanding. A message from the president transmitting the report of the commission to adjust the boundary line between the United States and Mexico west of the Rio Grande, was read. Then Mr. Quay presented a resolution calling upon the secretary of the interior for information as to whether the lease of Seneca oil lands had been made in the usual manner and whether there had been any corruption. It was agreed to without debate.

Mr. Vest, democrat, of Missouri, offered a resolution for a comprehensive inquiry by the commerce committee of the senate into the causes of, and remedies for, the Mississippi floods, and said he would call it up at the next meeting of the senate. Mr. Pettigrew followed with a resolution calling on the commissioner of labor for information as to the cost of producing 1,000 feet (board measure) of white pine lumber, the answer to include the cost of work in the woods and in the mill both in the United States and Canada. This was adopted with the addition of a question proposed by Mr. Quay, of Maine, concerning the cost of stumpage.

A resolution was offered by Mr. Morgan, democrat, of Alabama, and adopted requesting the public interests, to sympathize with the public interests, to transmit to the senate all correspondence with Consul Lee relating to the war not heretofore published.

At 12:30 p. m. the senate adjourned until Monday.

SESSION ONLY SEVEN MINUTES

The House Then Adjourned for Lack of Quorum.

Washington, April 29.—The house was in session seven minutes today. The journal was not read. The objection that

there was no quorum present was interposed by Mr. Simpson, populist, of Kansas, whereupon Mr. Payne, republican, of New York, made a motion to adjourn. Mr. C. W. Stone, republican, of Pennsylvania, who was in the chair, held that an adjournment under the order of the house made last Friday, would be until Monday next. Mr. Simpson protested valiantly that it was unconstitutional to adjourn for more than one day without a quorum, and he asked an opportunity to demand that the "regular order" be loudly demanded, and Mr. Payne's motion was put and carried, 74 to 14, most of the democrats voting with the republicans.

The chaplain, in his invocation today, prayed for the recovery of General Harrison, of Iowa, who lies dangerously ill at his home in Dubuque.

CONGRESSMAN TATE OBJECTS

APPOINTMENT OF POSTMASTER AT ALPHARETTA HELD.

It Is Said That the Applicant Was Brought from Austell and Is Not a Resident.

Washington, April 29.—(Special.)—The appointment of postmaster at Alpharetta has been held up, it develops, at the instance of Congressman Tate. Mr. Treadwell is denied by his friends, who say that it is not true that he has moved from Alpharetta. Congressman Tate charges that the charges against Mr. Treadwell from the office by the republicans was imported from Austell for this special purpose and is not a resident of Alpharetta.

Alabama Ex-Congressman Ill.
Very ill with typhoid fever, at his home here.

Congressman Bankhead returned today from Alabama, where he has been for several days on business.

MR. EDWARDS DIES AT TOGCOA

Shoal Creek Citizen Taken Ill While En Route to Atlanta.

Togcoo, Ga., April 29.—(Special.)—J. N. Edwards, of Shoal Creek, Hart county, died here last night at the residence of his father.

Mr. Edwards was one of the wealthiest and most prominent business men in this section.

He was sole owner of the Shoal Creek cotton mill, and did a large mercantile business. He was fifty years old. He belonged to the Methodist church.

He was a native of Kentucky, and had been in Georgia for many years. He was a member of the Georgia Agricultural Society.

He was a very successful business man, and had accumulated a large fortune. He was a very generous man, and was much loved by his friends.

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RESCUING LIVING; RECLAIMING DEAD

Loss of Life in the Guthrie Disaster Now Estimated at Twenty.

EIGHTY-TWO STILL MISSING

People Cling to Trees and House Tops All Night Long.

SYSTEMATIC RELIEF IS BEING RENDERED

Five Hundred Homes Were Swept Away and a Thousand People Left Destitute.

Guthrie, Okla., April 29.—In the flood-stricken valley of the Cottonwood river today has been one of the heroic efforts toward the rescue of those unfortunate whose lives were still endangered and for the relief of the hundreds of destitute and hungry.

Tonight it seems a certainty that the loss of life in yesterday's deluge will not exceed twenty.

All day missing people, supposed yesterday to have been drowned, have been found clinging to bushes or drifted down the stream of the west bluffs and gathering in small groups on the river banks.

Daylight found dozens of persons still clinging to trees, overturned houses or timbers in perilous positions which they had sustained all during the night. For miles along the scene of devastation, 1,500 people, homeless, half ill from exposure and hunger passed a miserable night and morning found most of them too weak to give much assistance either to themselves or others.

The scene in the flood-stricken district this morning was one of desolation. The river fell rapidly during the night and when the sun rose the extent of the damage done to property could be seen. The river is still bank full, but the water had receded from most of the inundated districts.

There was a confused mass of debris and overturned and demolished houses scattered over the valley where last night was a sea of water. The banks were littered with the carcasses of farm animals. Whole families have been devastated along Deep Fork, in Lincoln county. Hundreds of men worked all day rebuilding houses along the stream. The damage to property will be estimated at \$1,000,000.

With the first ray of daylight the work of rescuing and relief was taken up with a will, and kept up with tireless energy. During last night men had been put to work in lumber yards constructing boats, and down today witnessed a dozen craft, darting out from all directions to the rescue of the unfortunate. The work of the raftsmen proved most effective, and one by one the people were transported from their perilous positions to places of safety on land. Every house, drift pile and tree was closely examined in search of the dead.

The family of Wesley McGill, reported yesterday as drowned, was found safe. The only bodies found during the day were those of Mrs. Fannie Ruffin and five children, all lodged in a pile of driftwood. These, with George Owen, the butcher, drowned while rescuing others, Francis Moore, Mrs. Jane Watt, Mrs. Francis Moore, Mrs. Drummond, Mrs. Dennis and child and Mrs. Watson are the only identified dead, though many are still missing.

During the day systematic relief was perfected and carried on.

Ferries plied across the river, carrying provisions and clothing everywhere and returning with the injured. Such were carefully cared for in private homes in Guthrie. By nightfall ample arrangements had been made for the immediate care of the homeless, and there was an assurance of no further suffering at least for the time being.

Five hundred homes were swept away, 150 houses were wrecked and twenty stores, depots, leaving 1,500 people homeless and half as many destitute. The work of supplying shelter and food for all these was by no means a small undertaking, but the Guthrie people were equal to the task, and cheerful thousands of volunteers have been subscribed to aid the afflicted.

The damage along the Cimarron river last night was very extensive and hundreds of families have been devastated along Deep Fork, in Lincoln county. Hundreds of men worked all day rebuilding houses along the stream. The damage to property will be estimated at \$1,000,000.

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soundings too low to leave for St. Louis to be present at the meetings of the river commission today and a telegram was sent to General Manager Dordrige, of the Iron Mountain railroad, stating the conditions and asking him to appear before the commission and ask for an appropriation of \$50,000 out of available funds at their disposal for the purpose of closing the Williams, Hubbard and Westover crossings. This last development of the flood situation brought most trouble to the local relief committee, as the planters in the bottoms who have been feeding their help quit and so notified the committee.

HARCOURT MAKES SERIOUS CHARGES

Continued from Page One.

loyal British subject at the Cape to be one of gratitude and satisfaction with her majesty's government. I understand that they recognize their position as the representatives of the paramount power in South Africa and are determined, in the often used words, to maintain the integrity of all rights, under the convention."

The conclusion of Mr. Chamberlain's remarks was the signal for a tremendous outburst of cheering upon the part of the conservatives.

Later, replying to Mr. Thomas Warner, liberal, Mr. Chamberlain said that the dispatch of a regiment of British infantry and a brigade of British artillery to Cape Colony was intended as a permanent increase of the Cape garrison.

Mr. Balfour, first lord of the treasury and the government leader in the house, also deprecated Sir William Harcourt's language, and protested that the policy of the government was not provocative.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, replying to Mr. Balfour, expressed his satisfaction at the statement just made by the first lord of the treasury, but said no one could doubt the existence at the Cape of a very widespread impression that was in imminent, nor, he added, can anyone wonder that the Boers are arming, after the Jameson attempt. In conclusion, he expressed the hope that Great Britain did not and would not entertain such a suicidal and disgraceful policy as the incitement of a race war in South Africa.

The budget of Sir Michael Hicks Beach will probably prove popular. Although there is no reduction in taxation, numerous postal telegraph reforms have been promised, reforms long and urgently needed, which will be a real boon to the community.

All such immediate interests, however, are completely overshadowed by the excited debate of the south African situation. Sir William Harcourt's sudden and vehement attack caused a tumult on the tory side of the house and the government front bench fell at once into animated colloquy.

Mr. Balfour sent Mr. T. W. Russell to bring Mr. Chamberlain into the house. When the colonial secretary arrived he was furious and did nothing to conceal his rage.

Sir William Harcourt was saying, as Mr. Chamberlain entered the chamber: "I have said this was a war plot; I repeat it in your presence. This was a war plot, a war plot which missed fire."

Mr. Chamberlain snatched up a piece of paper, and Mr. Balfour and Mr. Goschen, first lord of the admiralty, rapidly told him what had passed, while he made notes of Mr. Harcourt's phrases. The excitement of the house was maintained at white heat with cheers and counter-cheers throughout both speeches.

Mr. Balfour did his best to calm matters, and promised to give a day for a discussion of the proposal, rapidly told him what had passed, while he made notes of Mr. Harcourt's phrases. The excitement of the house was maintained at white heat with cheers and counter-cheers throughout both speeches.

The superior court was engaged on several divorce cases. An order was passed by Judge Felton winding up the receivership of Miller White and directing the receiver to deliver to the receiver on the payment of several small claims, the money for which is in the hands of the receiver.

Triennial Reception.
The annual female reception of Wesleyan Female college will be held Wednesday evening, May 20th. A large attendance of alumnae is expected from all parts of the state.

The following local committees have been appointed to prepare for the reception: On Collection of Dues—Miss Mamie Hatcher, Mrs. M. A. Spivey, Miss L. A. Davis, Miss Bertha Williamson, Miss Rosa Taylor, Miss Mary Cobb, Miss Lella May Sasser, Miss Della Rogers.

Refreshment Committee—Chairman, Mrs. W. B. Hill; Mrs. R. H. Holmes, Mrs. W. B. Hill, Mrs. M. W. Willet, Miss Lyndon.

Committee on Decorating Rooms—Chairman, Mrs. Emmet Blackshear; Mrs. Walter Ross, Miss Lee Reardon, Miss Nutter, Mrs. B. B. Sparks, Miss Minnie Goodall, Mrs. Edgar Ross, Miss Eunice White, Mrs. W. B. Hill, Mrs. M. A. Spivey, Mrs. W. B. Hill, Mrs. M. W. Willet, Miss Lyndon.

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Committee on Nominating Officers—Mrs. McDonald, Miss Patterson, Miss Clark.

Committee on Memorials—Mrs. Cosby Smith, Miss Whitehurst, Mrs. M. M. Burke.

The reception committee will be appointed and announced later. The alumnae dues are fixed at \$2 payable every three years.

McCaw-Plant Nuptials.
The wedding of the bride and groom, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Plant, on College street, Mr. Wallace McCaw and Miss Haeberle Plant were united in marriage by Rev. F. F. Reese, rector of Christ Episcopal church, officiated. Only relatives and a few intimate friends witnessed the ceremony. The groom is one of Macon's most highly esteemed young gentlemen and successful business men. Under his management the Georgia Mills and Elevator Company has become a great financial success. He has won for his bride one of Macon's loveliest and most attractive young ladies, Mrs. McCaw.

Mrs. Massey Dead.
The many Macon friends of Mrs. E. I. Massey were regretful to hear of her death, which occurred last night at her home in Wilkinson county. The funeral services were held today. The deceased was sixty-one years old and one of the most highly esteemed ladies in this section of the state. Ten children survive her. The wife of State Senator J. R. Van Buren, of Jones county, is her daughter.

Changes at the Brown House.
C. A. Hine has just accepted the position of head clerk with the Hotel St. Simon and will leave his position as one of the clerical force at the Brown house here to enter upon the field of his new labors May 15th. He will not go to Brunswick, once, but will enjoy a short rest and a visit to several cities where he has friends before taking charge of his position at the Hotel St. Simon.

Death of Postmaster Convery.
Washington, April 29.—Commodore Dewey, of the naval board, today reported briefly to the secretary of the navy from Newport that the sea trial of the Brooklyn was successful in every respect.

MRS. MERCER'S SUIT FOR DAMAGES TODAY

Her Husband Was Killed in the Stone Creek Wreck.

TWO CONVICTS TO TESTIFY

Plaintiff Wants the Railroad Company To Pay Her \$15,000.

AN EGYPTIAN SHOWMAN IN JAIL

City and Superior Court Disposes of Cases—Wesleyan's Triennial Reception.

Macon, Ga., April 29.—(Special.)—On May 4th the United States court at Macon will hear the case of Mrs. M. L. Mercer against the Southern railway for \$15,000 damages, for the death of her husband, who was killed in the celebrated Stone creek wreck near Macon.

Mercer was fireman of the freight engine which plunged through the broken trestle immediately after the passenger train.

The two principal points of the plaintiff are that the wreck of the train was not the work of wreckers, but was due to the rotten and unsafe condition of the trestle, and that it was negligence on the part of the railroad employees of the passenger train that first plunged through the trestle in not notifying the crew of the freight train of the accident.

The plaintiff is represented by Marion Harris and Buford M. Davis. The road was defended by Hill, Harris & Birch. Warren Criswell and Tom Shaw, who have been sentenced to the penitentiary for life on the charge of having wrecked the train will be witnesses in the case.

The leader in trouble.
The leader of the "Oriental East" company which recently came to Macon from Atlanta, was put in the Bibb county jail today on a warrant sworn out by three negro female members of the company charged with stealing their clothing. On last Sunday morning Mont Moreno, the leader, left Macon for Columbus, with the three white female members of the company. He was arrested at Columbus on Saturday night. He returned to Macon last night. The colored band that was with the company was left stranded in Macon.

The band, led by the conductor, Charles Moreno, sued out an attachment against Moreno for his salary. Charles Thompson, the colored proprietor of the hotel where the negro band stopped in Macon, also secured an attachment against Moreno. Moreno says he is in no way responsible for the debts of the company. Moreno is in sore distress and seems to be greatly troubled by the situation.

He has left in Columbus without money. Moreno was arrested in Columbus last night and brought to Macon. He says the colored band and the negro band were attached when the company was in Barnesville and he has not seen the clothing since.

City and Superior Court.
In the city court today Nancy Jefferson was tried for assault and battery. Sylvia Fossum for assault and battery and Stabbing, and Buss Fossum for assault and battery. The defendants were dismissed, as the evidence was not sufficient to convict.

The case of Sarah Williams will be heard in the city court today. She was convicted in the city court of Macon for running a tipping house on Sunday. Her attorney appealed to the United States supreme court on the ground that the evidence on which she was convicted was obtained by an officer who entered her house without a warrant.

The superior court was engaged on several divorce cases. An order was passed by Judge Felton winding up the receivership of Miller White and directing the receiver to deliver to the receiver on the payment of several small claims, the money for which is in the hands of the receiver.

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10 PAGES.

ATLANTA, GA., April 30, 1897.

The Coming of Joe Blackburn.

The election of a republican senator by the legislature of Kentucky brings to its final culmination the effort of the Watterson-Carlisle crowd to wreck the democratic party of that grand old state.

The wreckers can go no further. They have come to the end of their row. They have won their last victory.

The reaction, which has already set in—indeed, began to set in after the November election—will bring the democratic party of Kentucky together in a more wholesome and coherent shape than ever before.

We know the people of that great commonwealth; we are familiar with their pride and their patriotism; and we have no hesitation in saying that recent events in Kentucky—the defection of the Watterson-Carlisle crowd, the selling out of the small fry, the treachery of place-hunters and time-servers, the election of Bradley, the election of a republican to succeed gallant Joe Blackburn—will have the effect of strengthening the democratic party in that state.

It is true the patience of honest and patriotic men has been sorely tried by the treachery of individuals in whose political integrity they trusted, and to whose ambition they had catered. They have seen a leader whom they deemed trustworthy desert his party and betray the interests of those who had honored him. They have seen a newspaper built up and made great on their patronage turn its columns against them at a critical moment. And yet, even as a severe illness sometimes clears poison out of the system and leaves the body free to acquire greater strength and vigor than ever before, these experiences all conspire to make the democratic party of Kentucky more powerful hereafter than it has ever been heretofore.

The element that was purchasable has been purchased; the factors that were doubtful have succumbed; the men who were weak have gone where their feebleness led them; and today the democratic party of Kentucky is stronger with the masses of the people than it has ever been—far more powerful than in the days when it carried clinging to its skirts the brood of vampires that have now fastened themselves on the purse of the money power.

The election of a republican senator, instead of marking the going of Joe Blackburn, will mark his coming. Henceforward he is the leader of his party in Kentucky. He has borne the brunt of defeat, and he will lead it to victory. He has suffered temporary defeat because he and his followers are unpurchasable; and for the same reason he will lead his party to victory.

He will unite and harmonize all the forces in Kentucky that stand for pure democratic principles. The very necessity of democratic victory will make that victory inevitable; and when the legislature next meets to elect a United States senator, its choice will be Joe Blackburn.

The Baptist Denomination.

From the American Baptist year book for 1897, just issued by the American Baptist Publication Society, quite a number of interesting facts concerning the growth of this religious denomination in the United States may be obtained.

Of Baptist communicants in the United States, according to the year book, there are now 3,284,038; of churches, 40,568, and of ministers, 27,267. Besides, there are 23,797 Sabbath schools, with 144,431 teachers and 1,680,190 scholars.

One marked peculiarity of the Baptist

church membership lies in the fact that only 926,619 communicants reside in the northern states, while the remaining 2,357,419 reside in the south.

Under the charge of the Baptist church in the United States there are seven theological seminaries, of which the two largest are at Chicago and Louisville, the former having 321 students and the latter 309 students. Besides theological seminaries there are thirty-seven colleges and universities under Baptist control.

Some of these institutions are handsomely endowed. Brown university, which ranks as the oldest, has an endowment of \$2,290,000; Colgate university, \$2,404,000; the University of Rochester, \$1,280,000. Evidently the Baptist church believes in a thoroughly educated membership as well as ministry.

Closely allied to the Baptist church are various other kindred denominations, making the total number of those who believe in immersion, according to the year book, 5,134,378. In comparison with these figures it may be of interest to cite the strength of various other denominations. Methodism in the United States, putting its several branches together, aggregates 5,297,896 communicants; Presbyterianism, 1,440,114; and Lutheranism, which is closely akin to Presbyterianism, 1,420,905. The figures in regard to other branches of the Christian faith are not accessible, but the ones above cited serve to show how most of them stand.

As to Minority Stockholders.

Referring to the comments of The Constitution on the recent collapse or explosion of the Georgia Loan, Savings and Banking Company, a contemporary reminds us that "recent decisions of the courts, especially of the New York court of appeals, guarantee minority stockholders full protection from the machinations of the majority, provided the minority stockholders assert themselves."

Well, The Constitution is not engaged in painting, but is dealing with facts that are naked and plain. The New York court of appeals has no jurisdiction in Georgia, and its decisions, good, bad or indifferent, do not affect the law or the courts in Georgia.

The minority stockholders can assert themselves under the law in Georgia; but to what end? When the corporation in which they are interested is thrown into the courts, their cause finds itself impaled on the points and quibbles that constitute the stock-in-trade of legal practice in Georgia, and the aggrieved parties find themselves in a worse condition than they were before. After such delay as suits the attorneys on one side or the other, or on both sides, the end of the matter is that the whole body and substance of the corporation is dissipated in lawyers' fees.

The main trouble, however, seems to be the fact that the law, or the practice of the courts, appears to have reached the point where defaulters, embezzlers and other violators of the laws of the state invariably find a way cleared for their escape from the penalties provided by the statutes. It seems to be impossible to secure any action through the ordinary methods to secure detention by the courts. All the avenues of escape are open, and the action taken by the courts, instead of deterring other would-be criminals, is a standing invitation to all who are willing to do so to proceed to pluck those whose confidence they have obtained and whose money they have control of.

The result is that the public is not only losing respect for the law under which these manipulations are possible, but for the courts which provide convenient channels of escape. There is a general feeling among the masses that both the law and the courts have been wrenched away from their proper foundations to give protection to those who do not deserve it. And it is a dangerous feeling, leading to demoralization and lawlessness.

There is another phase of this matter that may well be brought home to the minds of our conservative and justice-loving citizens. The reputation that our city has obtained abroad has been smirched and blackened by the rapid succession of swindlings, embezzlements and other transactions of a doubtful character that have followed each other in Atlanta during the past few months. The palatial fronts of the currency swarn with taunting allusions to these occurrences. Atlanta is referred to as "the headquarters of embezzlement" and as "a nest of financial swindlers." These statements are sure, in the end, to have a serious effect on the mind of the outsider.

It is the misfortune of this state of things that it hurts the reputation of honest men in Atlanta and tends to cripple every enterprise centering here for which outside capital may be necessary. In the minds of people at a distance the whole city is concerned in the raceable developments that have taken place in this city lately. The outside public is not given to individualizing in such matters. It can only generalize, and in this way the reputation of Atlanta is blackened.

Now, this is a matter that goes far beyond individual misfortune, bad as the latter is, for it is calculated to retard the building up of the city in a thousand ways which we need not catalogue, since they must be apparent to every citizen who is interested in Atlanta's growth and development.

Even now the impression prevails right here in Georgia that the courts of Atlanta protect swindlers and embezzlers and enable them to avoid the punishment the law intends to inflict on those who wrong individuals or the public. And the impression is irresistible. It is based on a series of actual occurrences and events.

Now the fact that such an impression is irresistible indicates a condition of affairs that ought not to be possible in any civilized community. The best—nay, the only—defense Atlanta has against such an appalling situation is for the public sentiment of the community to bring such a pressure to bear on those charged with the administration of the law as will compel them to do their duty promptly and effectually; to

the end that the rights of individuals may be protected, the law vindicated, would-be criminals deterred from such performances as those that have discredited the community, and the good name of the city vindicated.

King George is now having as much trouble at home as he is abroad, and he has a good deal of it abroad.

Spalding, the defaulting banker of Chicago, has been placed behind the bars. Exhibitions of this sort in other cities would go far toward restoring confidence.

According to Cleveland, the way to exhibit "splendid patriotism" is to engage in wholesale treachery.

If one of Mr. Cleveland's hunks of fat rhetoric had fallen to the floor of the Waldorf, the building would have been wrecked.

Uncle Josiah Patterson had an opportunity to worship Cleveland in a front pew at the Reform Club dinner.

An exchange says "Mr. Cleveland's speech sounded the keynote." To us it looks much like a keyhole.

Uncle Don Dickinson at the Reform Club dinner addressed everybody to "give it to the enemy with both barrels." This means the big barrel that Hanna will have and the small barrel that Bynum hopes to secure.

EDITORIAL DIGEST.

Husband Not Next of Kin.

Rudolph Willis, of St. Paul, has made a judge that a woman's next of kin is not her next of kin. His honor has granted a motion for judgment on the pleadings in favor of the defendant, in a case against the estate of Lena E. Watson, an administrator of the estate of Lena E. Watson, his late wife, to recover the statutory sum of \$5,000.

Watson, Mrs. Watson was a passenger on a street car one day last summer when it jumped the track and ran down a bluff. Watson was injured and about six weeks later she died, as a result of these injuries, she left a small child, the plaintiff, who is now a plaintiff in the case.

The plaintiff alleges that the defendant, Watson, was a passenger on a street car one day last summer when it jumped the track and ran down a bluff. Watson was injured and about six weeks later she died, as a result of these injuries, she left a small child, the plaintiff, who is now a plaintiff in the case.

The plaintiff alleges that the defendant, Watson, was a passenger on a street car one day last summer when it jumped the track and ran down a bluff. Watson was injured and about six weeks later she died, as a result of these injuries, she left a small child, the plaintiff, who is now a plaintiff in the case.

The plaintiff alleges that the defendant, Watson, was a passenger on a street car one day last summer when it jumped the track and ran down a bluff. Watson was injured and about six weeks later she died, as a result of these injuries, she left a small child, the plaintiff, who is now a plaintiff in the case.

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JUST FROM GEORGIA.

Away from Home.

When I'm from home I'm glad to think That Sally's shore to miss me will, And I'll long for her to kiss me.

That every evening at the gate, A picture sweet of sorrow, The folks they see her ling'ring late An' wishin' for her tomorrow.

Course, 'tain't jest right to feel that way— To wish a woman grievein' When they've done had it out the day We packed our things for leavin'.

But somehow—anyway—it's sweet To think the weather's cloudy, An' that the light won't shone so bright Until they tell you "Howdy!"

I don't know jest what Sally thinks When she's the one that's goin'; An' all the flowers stop growin'; An' I don't care if she cares for me—

In thataway—to miss her, But—bless her soul—jest can't control The wish to hug an' kiss her!

After all, Grant displayed the greatest heroism in the last years of his life, for, on the rack of mental and physical torture, he toiled unceasingly for his family, and doubtless shortened his life by his incessant labor on the memorial work he did for them.

A Weather Song.

The sunlight's golden banners lead The bright bloom-arides of the seed; The violet's dreaming in the dew, And every lily bends to you.

Then wherefore weep for weather, Or grieve for time and tide? The birds sing altogether— The blooms blow far and wide.

The night's dim shadow-legions tread The valleys where the day lies dead; But, like the lovely ghosts of light, The stars are mingled with the night.

Then wherefore weep for weather, Or grieve for time and tide? The birds sing altogether— The blooms blow far and wide!

His Earthly Effects.

"Well, Uncle Jim," said the lawyer, "the doctor says there's no hope for you." "Yes, suh; dey tells me I gwine ter cross over."

"Have you made your will?" "Yes, suh; I done will ter go." "I mean," said the lawyer, in an explanatory way, "have you got anything to leave?"

"Oh, yes, suh!" exclaimed the old man, joyfully. "One wife on de rheumatism!"

The war in which Greece is engaged has been a blessing to the poets, who had worn the Cuban business to a frazzle. It is hoped that Greece will recover, both from the war and the poetry.

The Way of the Birds.

God knoweth the way of the wild doves that fly from the feathered nest; He giveth the violet unto the vales, and the red to the robin's breast.

And the stars that are hidden shall not hide them, and heaven is not so high But the stars shall thrill and the song grow still for even a robin's cry.

The following remarkable epitaph is from a tombstone in one of the rural districts of Georgia:

"He kept a grocery in the woods Until by death surprised; His patrons always found his goods Just as he advertised."

The Chicago Times-Herald did excellent work for the Atlanta exposition, and it is now following the same course with respect to the Tennessee Centennial.

France comes to the rescue of Greece. And now, the other "Christian" powers will probably pitch into France.

SMITH CAME IN FROM CANADA

Bunch of Bank Presidents Who Got Into Trouble.

New York, April 29.—Henry Smith, who was a broker here eleven years ago but in Canada ever since then, surrendered himself today at the district attorney's office.

Smith was indicted in 1884 for grand larceny. He had a consultation with District Attorney Olcott and was taken before Judge Newburger and released in \$10,000 bail. Smith is charged with having stolen \$5,000 from Henry Soltan, an importer of rubber goods, of this city.

MEN AND MATTERS.

CONGRESSMAN W. C. ADAMSON CAME UP FROM CARROLLTON LAST NIGHT AND GOT OFF TO WASHINGTON.

For the past few days he has been mingling among the boys of his own burg and storing up a supply of Georgia grinds, vintage '97, which will be worked into the next speech.

Since his advent to Washington life the judge has pursued the even tenor of his path. He has made no attempt to impress his colleagues with his own greatness. He has preserved throughout a demeanor of characteristic modesty and except for his maiden speech has remained silent.

By this speech, however, he was "discovered," and the democratic boys are backing him up for a star play when the time comes. All of the new men from Georgia have asserted themselves in an emphatic way. The pugnacious spirit of Brantley has flashed several times; Griggs has gathered a strong coterie of admirers about him; Fleming has already shown his parliamentary tricks than were dreamed of in his philosophy; Bill Howard, "the war horse of the eighth," has scented the battle from afar and is preparing to plunge in. In fact, Georgia material is at a premium.

Judge Adamson had stepped in to get a paper containing all speeches delivered at the dinner of the Reform Club Saturday night.

"It's a pity," he said, "that Judas Iscariot and Benedict Arnold couldn't have had more determined support with a little perseverance. They could have been vindicated. Judas could have trotted over the hills of Judea and Benedict could have pulled his crowd together, winned them and dined them a little, and both could have been vindicated."

"What a beautiful spectacle it was," he continued, "what a hopeless dream; what a sad commentary on past glory. The republicans of the future will go down in history as the effort of a man to be his own vindicator."

Governor W. Y. Atkinson and the colonels came back yesterday.

There was a glorious reception given at the Augusta flower carnival, in which the governor and the colonels were the chief features.

It has been said that the chief executive was subjected to mild embarrassment because of the military escort which accompanied him during the day. This, however, the colonels say is not the case. In the way of military matters Savannah and Augusta carry out every regulation to the letter. In their bright lessons of martial law there is no such word as "shirk" and when the squad was designated to take charge of the governor the order was complied with.

Two theories are advanced—either accidental drowning, as no marks of violence were found on the body, or that Howell was last seen in the city on Friday night, at the Western Union Telegraph office, where he was seen by a messenger to Collins Bros., at Geneva, requesting them to send him \$15 at once. He was seen about the same time by the proprietor of a hotel on Monroe street, who says he called for his grip and said he was going north.

The great plan may drop to Dr. S. H. Hooton, of any kind. He is the only applicant thus far, and there seems to be no question of his success.

The doctor does not feel confident that he will be appointed, however.

"What do you hope to get it," he said yesterday. "I know that there is no telling what may happen to change the conditions that now prevail."

"Yes," he continued, "I am much interested in the present struggle. I have watched it from the beginning, and it appears that Greece will be repulsive in the end. I have always had a strong desire to be in Greece, and I am sure that all associations that come will be inspiring."

"Will I do literary work? Yes, I have for a long time yearned for the leisure to accomplish what for years I have had in view in a literary way. Should the appointment come to me I would devote much of my time in this line. Besides, I believe that Greek, and foreign residence would suit me just now."

"No, there is no other applicant that I know of, yet I do not feel confident of securing the place."

Just now an interesting play is going on to secure the Aragon hotel, the sale of the place and supplies of which will take place next Tuesday. It is a very satisfactory sale, under orders of court.

It is assured that the man who bids in the property will be the next lessee of the property already owned by a number of well-known hotel men have been examining the place.

E. W. Berry, of Macon, is the last man on the field. For a number of years he has had charge of the Brown house in Macon and was for a time manager of the Atlanta Herald. He has given up his hotel interests and now it is said that he seeks a landing in Atlanta.

It is understood that there is strong rivalry between Receiver Bell and Manager Hickey as to who will get control of the property. The property is probably to be sold and one of the other will have to vacate when the deal is made.

H. W. Browder, of San Antonio, arrived yesterday and is said to be making a bid for the property. The sale will occur Tuesday and there will be a lively battle of bids.

That a banquet should be given Colonel A. E. B. and that it should be in oriental style is strictly appropriate.

It is said that everything will be suggestive of Japan and some have suggested that Colonel Buck appear in robes of state, which costume is modeled after the garb of the Japanese ambassador.

Thomas Dixon, Jr., is in the south and is coming to the Hawthorne chalet. Here is the latest of the famous divine has got into a way of warm talk.

"The assertion that nothing should appear in the newspaper that cannot be read aloud in any mixed assemblage. It is a record of life, its good and evil, its light and shadow. But the Bible never yet has corrupted a human life. It is the principle that governs the record of new."

There is a genuine and growing demand for new columns in America. They are sick of the eternal fawnings at the feet of Mammon, they are sick of the vulgarism in some quarters of the press, they are sick of the vulgarism in some quarters of the press, they are sick of the vulgarism in some quarters of the press.

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GAVE AWAY ANOTHER'S GOODS

DISPENSARY CLERK PRESENTS FRIENDS WITH A TRINKET.

All the Articles Belonging to Breckridge Have Been Disposed of by Officers Who Took Them.

Columbia, S. C., April 23.—(Special.)—About two months ago William Breckridge was married. In his trunk he had three jugs of liquor, canned fruit, ten boxes of cigars and other things. The constables opened the trunk and confiscated it. It was sent to the dispensary here as property of the state.

Last week Breckridge was awarded \$800 damages in the court for the seizure and the question has been raised since the verdict has been rendered in his favor if the trunk ought not to be returned. A search for it was instituted, but it could not be found. The room where such things are stored was empty.

It developed today that Clerk Seth Scruggs, of the dispensary, made a present of the trunk to his friend, Representative C. W. Garrison. The cigars and other things are missing also. Governor Ellerbe is indignant about the transaction and is swearing vengeance. He is having the matter investigated.

The affair is creating a big sensation among dispensary officials and the transaction is opening up some of the rumors of last year about rottenness in the management.

So far no one has touched the dispensary without coming out with tarnished character. Some very sharp questions will be asked Clerk Scruggs through the newspapers tomorrow. One is "If the lock on the door of the room in which Breckridge's trunk was did not have to be changed on account of him having a skeleton key to it."

BODY FOUND IN THE ALABAMA

FISHERMAN MAKES A GHASTLY FIND AS HE ROWS TO NETS.

Dead Man Has Been Identified as J. S. Howell, a Patent Right Agent.

Montgomery, Ala., April 23.—(Special.)—The muddy Alabama river claims another victim in the person of J. S. Howell, whose body was discovered yesterday evening by a colored fisherman going to his nets for the catch of the day.

The fisherman's attention was attracted by the floating of something down the stream. He rowed alongside the object and found it the body of a man. He fastened a wire to the body, towed it to the shore and notified the police and coroner.

Two theories are advanced—either accidental drowning, as no marks of violence were found on the body, or that Howell was last seen in the city on Friday night, at the Western Union Telegraph office, where he was seen by a messenger to Collins Bros., at Geneva, requesting them to send him \$15 at once. He was seen about the same time by the proprietor of a hotel on Monroe street, who says he called for his grip and said he was going north.

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The doctor does not feel confident that he will be appointed, however.

"What do you hope to get it," he said yesterday. "I know that there is no

FREIGHT PEOPLE COME TOGETHER

New Organization Formed Yesterday
in Washington.

HEADQUARTERS IN ATLANTA
Southeastern Freight Association Is
the Name of the New Body.

SAM F. PARROTT IS MADE PRESIDENT
Mr. Thomas Is Elected Chairman of the
Executive Committee—All Other
Details Arranged.

The Southeastern Railway Freight Association
has been formed and the headquar-
ters will be in Atlanta.

The meeting in Washington yesterday
resulted in the election of officers and the
full organization of the new association.

Samuel F. Parrott was named president
of the association and Major J. W. Thom-
as has been named chairman of the ex-
ecutive board.

Offices have already been engaged in the
Equitable building and the association will
begin operation on May 1.

This reorganization is made to comply
with all legal requirements and cannot
come within the scope of any recent de-
cision.

The following from Washington tells of
the formation of the new organization yester-
day:

Washington, April 29.—The Southeastern
Railway Freight Association was formally
organized at a meeting here today and
officers elected.

The articles of agreement are similar in
all respects to those of the Southeastern
Passenger Association, formed yesterday.

Samuel F. Parrott was elected chairman
of the association and Major J. W. Thom-
as, permanent chairman of the executive board.

Mr. Parrott was formerly general man-
ager of the Columbus Southern railway and
Major Thomas is president of the Western
and Atlantic road. The following com-
panies were represented at the meeting:

Atlanta and West Point; Western Ala-
bama; Southern railway; Baltimore, Ches-
apeake and Richmond Steamboat Company;

Plant system; Central of Georgia; Georgia
Southern; Atlantic Coast Line; Merchants
and Miners' Transportation Company;

Ocean Steamship Company; Norfolk and
Western; Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern;

Georgia railroad; Western and Atlantic;
East and West railroad; Old Dominion
Steamship Company; Florida Central and
Peninsular railroad.

The headquarters will be at Atlanta. The
association will begin operation on May 1st.

New Schedules Begin Sunday.

The new schedule of the Southern rail-
way will go into effect Sunday, and an un-
precedented schedule has been put on be-
tween Atlanta and Macon.

Four trains will leave Atlanta each day
southbound, and the quickest time will be
made.

Following is the new southbound schedule
from Atlanta:

No. 16. Leave Atlanta 5:30 a. m.; arrive at
Macon 9:15 a. m.; arrive at Brunswick 4:30
p. m.

No. 8. Leave Atlanta 8:10 a. m.; arrive at
Macon 10:30 a. m.

No. 10. Leave Atlanta 4:10 p. m.; arrive at
Macon 7 p. m.

No. 14. Leave Atlanta 8:30 p. m.; arrive at
Macon 11:10 p. m.; arrive at Brunswick 6:30
a. m.

On the Chattanooga run, No. 13 will leave
Atlanta at 5:30 each morning, arriving at
Chattanooga at 1 p. m. No. 9 will depart
at 4 p. m., arriving at 9 p. m.

No. 7 will leave at 10 p. m., arriving at 4:30
a. m. in Chattanooga.

The Tallapoosa accommodation will leave
at 6:15 in the afternoon.

On the Columbus division No. 30 will
leave Atlanta at 5:25 a. m., and No. 28
will get away at 4:40 p. m.

No change will be made on the noon ves-
tibus and the 11:50 p. m. fast mail for
New York will not be changed.

President Winter Resigns.

New York, April 29.—At a meeting of the
directors of the National Pacific Railway
Company, held here today, A. F. Winter,
presented his resignation as president of
the company. He gave as a reason for his
action that people other than those
who controlled when he was elected last
June had secured a large interest in the
securities of the road and he did not believe
he would be in sympathy with them.

Winter's resignation was not accepted, but
was laid on the table.

In railway circles it was said that an at-
tempt was made to have the directors ac-
cept President Winter's resignation and
elect Colonel Lamont. A prominent director
of the company said on this point:

"There may have been some hope in the
minds of some persons to elect Mr. Lam-
ont in Mr. Winter's place, but that is as
far as the matter went. No decision with
regard to the election of Mr. Winter's suc-
cessor was arrived at by the directors for
some time. The meeting was harmonious
throughout."

WITH AN IRON WEIGHT.

One White Youth Assaults Another
Violently.

Last night about 10 o'clock Bud Wood
assaulted Walter Cort with a heavy iron
weight, striking him several times and
breaking the head of the latter.

The difficulty occurred on Berean ave-
nue. The matter was reported to the
police by Frank B. Cort, father of Walter,
who resides at No. 22 Henry street.

Both of the parties are white youths.

ARTILLERY STILL LIVES.

Governor Atkinson has taken no final
action in the case of the disbandment of
the Atlanta Artillery. A number of the
officers of the battery were before him

ROMEYN'S TRIAL DRAGGING ALONG

A Very Dull Session of the Barracks
Court martial Yesterday.

THE EVIDENCE IN REBUTTAL
Many Witnesses Say O'Briens Were
Not Ostracized.

SIX CAPTAINS AND A COLONEL TESTIFY
Judge Advocate Carbaugh Takes
Many Objections—Captain Romeyn
Presented With Cup.

"A Modern Ananias" Was a Decided
Financial Success.

A good sum of money was made for the
girls' night school by the production of
"A Modern Ananias" at the Grand opera
last night. It is impossible just at present
to tell how many tickets were sold, but
it is safe to say that the amount re-

ceived will not be less than \$400. Already
over \$300 has been received by Mrs. W.

A. Hemphill, who caused the production
to be given, and she has yet to hear from
a number of people who had tickets for
sale and who sold a good many of them.

This will be quite a benefit to the girls'
night school and will enable the ladies
who have it charge to do a great
amount of good.

FELL INTO A PIT.

MOTORMAN MARION WILLIAMS
MET WITH ACCIDENT.

The Fall Broke His Arm—He Was
Once on the Police Force—Has a
Large Family.

Marion Williams, an ex-police man and
a motorman for the Consolidated, had a
serious accident to happen to him last
night about 9 o'clock which lay him up for
several days.

Williams took his car to the electric
plant or power station in North Atlanta
to put it up for the night. He was in-
structed to run into the new shed. There
was no light in the shed and he was led
by another man who carried a lantern.

In some way or other Williams did not
see where he was walking and fell into
one of the pits that are used for making
repairs underneath the cars.

The fall was a hard one and when Wil-
liams was taken out it was found that his
arm was broken. He was carried home
and a physician sent for to set the broken
limb.

Until the first of April Williams was on
the police force and failed to get re-elected.
He has a family of eleven children who
are dependent upon him for support.

DENOUNCE SKINNER'S TACTICS

Butler and Others Declare Populist
Will Not Apply for Office.

Raleigh, N. C., April 28.—(Special.)—Sen-
ator Butler and Populist Congressman Pow-
ell, Shuford Martin and Stoward today issued
a statement in which they say that Con-
gressman Skinner and the populist legisla-
ture are urging populists to accept
postoffices and other positions and assuring
them that they can get them if they secure
the indorsement of the populist congress-
men.

Senator Butler and the other signers de-
nounce this as false and say the only way
to get such political booty is through Skin-
ner and that the populists will not be a
party to such a base game with the Mc-
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Butler and Others Declare Populist
Will Not Apply for Office.

Raleigh, N. C., April 28.—(Special.)—Sen-
ator Butler and Populist Congressman Pow-
ell, Shuford Martin and Stoward today issued
a statement in which they say that Con-
gressman Skinner and the populist legisla-
ture are urging populists to accept
postoffices and other positions and assuring
them that they can get them if they secure
the indorsement of the populist congress-
men.

Senator Butler and the other signers de-
nounce this as false and say the only way
to get such political booty is through Skin-
ner and that the populists will not be a
party to such a base game with the Mc-
Kinley administration.

ROMEYN'S TRIAL DRAGGING ALONG

A Very Dull Session of the Barracks
Court martial Yesterday.

THE EVIDENCE IN REBUTTAL
Many Witnesses Say O'Briens Were
Not Ostracized.

SIX CAPTAINS AND A COLONEL TESTIFY
Judge Advocate Carbaugh Takes
Many Objections—Captain Romeyn
Presented With Cup.

"A Modern Ananias" Was a Decided
Financial Success.

A good sum of money was made for the
girls' night school by the production of
"A Modern Ananias" at the Grand opera
last night. It is impossible just at present
to tell how many tickets were sold, but
it is safe to say that the amount re-

ceived will not be less than \$400. Already
over \$300 has been received by Mrs. W.

A. Hemphill, who caused the production
to be given, and she has yet to hear from
a number of people who had tickets for
sale and who sold a good many of them.

This will be quite a benefit to the girls'
night school and will enable the ladies
who have it charge to do a great
amount of good.

FELL INTO A PIT.

MOTORMAN MARION WILLIAMS
MET WITH ACCIDENT.

The Fall Broke His Arm—He Was
Once on the Police Force—Has a
Large Family.

Marion Williams, an ex-police man and
a motorman for the Consolidated, had a
serious accident to happen to him last
night about 9 o'clock which lay him up for
several days.

Williams took his car to the electric
plant or power station in North Atlanta
to put it up for the night. He was in-
structed to run into the new shed. There
was no light in the shed and he was led
by another man who carried a lantern.

In some way or other Williams did not
see where he was walking and fell into
one of the pits that are used for making
repairs underneath the cars.

The fall was a hard one and when Wil-
liams was taken out it was found that his
arm was broken. He was carried home
and a physician sent for to set the broken
limb.

Until the first of April Williams was on
the police force and failed to get re-elected.
He has a family of eleven children who
are dependent upon him for support.

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nounce this as false and say the only way
to get such political booty is through Skin-
ner and that the populists will not be a
party to such a base game with the Mc-
Kinley administration.

GENERAL TRADE DIRECTORY

Here Are Some of the Leading Business Houses in Atlanta

Walthour & Selkirk, Agents for Kelpies, Envoy and Fleetwing bicycles,
pairing a specialty, 55 South Pryor street.

GAVAN BOOK CO., School Books for all schools bought, sold and repaired,
Law and Medical Books always on hand, 41 Franklin street.

The Old Book Store, (Burke's), Cheap School Books our specialty,
Burke, B. V., in charge, 41 Franklin street.

Glover's Book Store, Fine Stationery, School Books, new and second hand,
and sold; Pictures framed to order, 16 West Peachtree street.

CARRIAGES AND WAGONS.

N. C. Spence Carriage Co., 108 Edgewood ave. Headquarters for
Wholesale and retail, Buggies, Surreys, Harness, Whips, etc. Call
me, 62 Peachtree street.

H. J. FITE, 39 South Broad St. Fine Traps, Surreys, Buggies,
Buggies, Lowest prices for cash.

GEORGIA BUGGY CO., 122 and 124 Auburn avenue, Atlanta, Ga.

JOHN M. SMITH, First-class home-made Carriages,
122 and 124 Auburn avenue, Atlanta, Ga.

CORNICHE AND ROOFING.

Moncrief, Dowman Co., Galvanized Iron Cornices, Metal Skylights, etc.,
Slate Roofing, Warm Air Furnaces, "Pioneer" brand.

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.

B. L. LILIENTHAL, Wholesale and retail, China, Crockery, Glassware,
and Art Goods; 51 Peachtree street.

CLOTHING.

The Globe Shoe & Clothing Co., Send for samples and catalogue,
to any point; wholesale and retail; 24 Whitehall street.

CLEANING AND DYEING.

Excelsior Steam Dye & Cleaning Works, All kinds of
Southern Dye & Cleaning Works, Make old clothes good as new,
and 24 Walton street.

DENTISTS.

W. P. & L. W. BURT, All dental operations guaranteed to please. Prime
City and country patronage solicited, Chambers-Johnson
building.

DRY GOODS.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co., Dry Goods, Carpets and
Curtains, 120 Peachtree street.

DECORATIONS.

Atlanta Wall Paper Co., Dealers in Paints and Wall Papers; with
estimates; 25 East Hunter street.

ENGRAVING.

Gate City Engraving Co., Cuts for all purposes. Chas. A. Manton,
Constitution building.

FLORESTA.

THE C. A. DAHL CO., Cut Flowers, Seeds, Bulbs and Plants; flowers
to any point; wholesale and retail; 150 Peachtree street.

FURNITURE.

Wood & Beaumont Stove & Furniture Co., Furniture,
Household Furnishings, Carpets, Baby Carriages, etc.,
100-102 Marietta street.

M. H. Abbott, Furniture, Mattings, Rugs, Window Shades, Baby Carriages,
R. S. Crutcher, Write for catalogue, 120 Peachtree street.

FRESH PAINTERS.

Georgia Paint & Glass Co., Fred G. Painter, Fresco Painter, Chas. H.
Painter, 40 Peachtree street.

GROCERS.

The C. J. Kamper Grocery Co., Headquarters for reliable Food
Supplies, 100 Peachtree street.

HARDWARE.

King Hardware Co., Wholesale and retail Hardware, Stoves, Pumps, Barrels,
and General Household Furnishings.

HOTELS.

Hotel Jackson, Opposite Union Depot. High class commercial and hotel
European plan, \$1 and up. American plan, \$2 and \$2.50 per day.

JEWELERS.

Stilson, Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry. Reliable goods, fair dealing and best
work, 17 N. Pryor. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired. If you have
any work done, please call on us at reasonable prices and we will
do it right.

LITHIA WATER.

Bowden Lithia Water, A positive cure for all kidney, bladder and
troubles. Bowden Lithia Springs Co., 111 Peachtree street.

LAUNDRY.

GUTHMAN STEAM LAUNDRY, Finest steam laundry in the city.
Agents wanted in all sections. Write for particulars,
120 Peachtree street.

TROY STEAM LAUNDRY, Does best work. Agents wanted.

Trio Steam Laundry, Wilson & Harris, Proprietors. The leading
Georgia. Agents wanted. Write for particulars,
78 Whitehall street.

MILLINERY.

BOWMAN BROS., Atlanta Lithian Bazaar. Everything in new
styles. Send for catalogue, 78 Whitehall street.

MONUMENTS.

Venable & Collins Granite Co., Wholesale and retail dealers in
American and Foreign Granite.

MACHINERY.

AVERY & McMillan, General Machinery, Engines, Boilers, Pumps,
specialty; 51 and 53 South Fourth street.

MANUFACTURERS.

Dr. J. W. Blosser & Son, Manufacturers of Dr. Blosser's Catarrh
Cure, sample mailed free, 11, 12 and 13
South Fourth street.

OPTICIANS.

Kellam & Moore, Scientific Opticians and leading manufacturers of the
South, 40 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

Trade Partially Suspended on Uncertainty of Dimensions Likely To Be Assumed by Gold Export.

the absence of important support, appears at times were able to effect fractional concessions, but attempts to cover easily forested quotations.

Jersey Central was exceptionally valuable, its maximum loss being 2½ per cent, and its subsequent rally was faint.

A strong and active feature of the specu-

changed to 5 points advance; sales 6,000 bags. Spot coffee, Rio quiet; No. 7 invoice 1/2; jobbing 5/8; mild steady; Cordova 12 1/2; sales 4,000 bags Maracaibo on basis 1/2 for good Cuzco.

Sugar, raw quiet; refined, quiet.

**Demand from Spinners Was Better
Than for Several Days Past.**

Biordan & Co.'s Cotton Letter.
New York, April 25.—(Special).—The cotton market was active again today and held its own well in the face of very heavy realizing sales. The early Liverpool cables reported that market 2-64d higher with large business in spots. The report was regarded as rather non-committal considering the fact that the market had been

April 29 - Turpentine quiet at 26;
 s none. Rosin firm: A. B. C. D. \$1.30; E \$1.35; F
 \$1.40; G \$1.45; H \$1.55; I \$1.65; K \$1.70; M \$1.75;
 J \$1.80; window glass \$2.15; water white \$2.25;
 s none.

Elimination, April 29 - Rosin firm; strained
 \$5; good strained \$1.30; Receipts 249 barrels.
 turpentine firm at 26½, Receipts 43 casks.
 firm at 65. Crude turpentine firm; hard \$1.00;
 \$1.30; virgin \$2.00.

**Weather Played an Important Part.
Corn and Oats Lost 1-4c, While
Provisions Advanced Slightly.**

is in position to quote closest possible prices on
2 lb. Sugar Bag Cloth,
2 lb. Piece Bagging,
45 lb. New Arrow Ties.
If you want the inside get my figures before you

C. E. CAVERLY,
ATLANTA, GA.

ATLANTA

conveniences and excellent table fare
\$30 per month. Good locality, close in.
dress Winslow, care Constitution.
or 2-4t

RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

RENT—S. R. H., all modern, close in,
south side; will be vacant 1st May. G. J.
las, 19 S. Broad street. april-3t.

particulars write to C. B. Gibson, superintendent, Columbus, Ga.

h. Lucy.
h. Mangum, g. and w.
h. Whitehall, g. and w.
h. Irwin, g. and w.
h. Capitol avenue.
h. Pulliam.
h. Stonewall.
h. Davis
h. Bass, g. and w.

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SOCIETY AND WEDDING STATIONERY

The dictates of society are rigid concerning the matter of stationery for social functions. We keep up with the latest styles as they appear and can give advice as to "the proper thing" in all of the nice points to be considered in social custom. Send for our samples of wedding stationery, visiting cards or correspondence paper, J. P. Stevens & Bro., 47 Whitehall street.

U healthy?

If not you need a bracer try a sure thing—

phosphate gin,
it cures; a general tonic; time to commence using it now.
all drug stores and bars in round bottles.
gin phosphate remedy co
atlanta.

distributed by
b. & d.,
atlanta.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without cost. Book of particulars sent FREE. R. M. WOOLLEY, M.D., Atlanta, Ga. Office 104 N. Pryor St.

Agent for Cook's European and Oriental Tours.

Send for daily itinerary of the Vacation Parties to the British Isles and the Continent. Special excursion to the "Land of the Midnight Sun." Tickets sold on all of the lines. Passengers booked to all parts of the world. Exchange issued on 30 of the principal banks of Europe and the Orient. GEO. S. MAY, 12 Alabama st.

PETER LYNCH,

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Streets,
Deale r in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cartridges and Ammunition; Field and Garden Seeds in their seasons. A Perfect Variety Store. Orders from city and country promptly filled at lowest market price. Terms cash.

Cheap Rate To California

VIA
Atlanta & West Point R. R.
THE SCENIC LINE.

National Convention
Christian Endeavor.

ONLY \$55.35

Atlanta to San Francisco
and Return.

TICKETS ON SALE JUNE 20th.
The Montgomery and New Orleans Route is the Short Line and offers more attractions than any other line.
Through Tourist Sleepers from Atlanta to San Francisco, without change, every Sunday.
GEO. W. ALLEN, E. E. KIRBY,
Trav. Pass. Agent; C. T. A.,
12 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
JNO. A. GEE, Gen. Pass. Agent.

AMERICAN



LAUNDRY.
DOMESTIC FINISH ONLY.
SHIRTS FIT LIKE NEW.
Family Work & Restaurant. Cleaned and pressed. Suits, Hats, etc. Cor. Marietta and Spring Streets. Telephone 1481.

Happy at Last



To know that several of the scientific dentists of Georgia have united and opened the Union Dental Parlors, 46 Whitehall street, over Rich Bros. There you can have crown and bridge work done by specialists for half its worth. Gold filling \$1 and up; silver, 50c; sets of teeth, \$2.50 to \$5.00. Prices reduced this month. Visit these parlors whether you wish work done or not. 46 Whitehall St. fri-sun-tu

UNJUST TO THE MEN

A Serious Complaint Filed by a Cherokee Mining Company.

DOUBLE ROAD DUTY REQUIRED

Thrown Into Jail After Satisfying the Law's Demand—Up Before the Governor.

Two of Cherokee county's mining factors, Messrs. E. E. and G. E. Pope, came down to Atlanta yesterday with a very serious complaint against some of the county officers. Their object in coming to Atlanta was to obtain an interview with the governor.

Briefly told the story is as follows: Some eighteen months ago a mining company from Parkersburg, Va., composed of Messrs. E. E. and G. E. Pope, mining engineers, purchased a large claim in the county and began immediately to develop it, spending several thousand dollars in the enterprise. Splendid results, it is said, have been derived from the investment and the only difficulty yet encountered by the company has come from the district surveyors and commissioners.

As it appears the mining property is located near one of the district lines of the county and this explains, in some measure, the complications which have arisen. In February of this year, according to the statement of one of the aggrieved members of the company, notice was served upon the company directing that its men be put to work on the roads in lieu of taxes. After making some inquiry it was ascertained that the property was located in Wildcat district, whereupon the demands of the law were promptly met, it is claimed, and a receipt taken from the district commissioner. In spite of this settlement, however, the commissioners of the adjoining district continued to annoy the company, it is said, and recently notified the workmen to appear as delinquents before the commissioners' court of that district. As soon as the receipt was shown in court the matter was promptly dismissed by the commissioners and the workmen allowed to return to the mine.

A month after this, without notification of any kind, it is claimed, warrants were issued by the same commissioners for the arrest of the company's men and they were thrown into jail under a ten days' sentence. The employers of the men appeared for them and offered bond until a proper trial could be held, but the commissioners refused. Application was made to the ordinary for a writ of habeas corpus, but without avail. The men are now lying in jail in Cherokee county and will not be released for several days yet unless some action is taken by the governor.

Messrs. E. E. and G. E. Pope are both in Atlanta for the purpose of having an interview with Governor Atkinson. They reached the city yesterday afternoon.

Both are indignant over the matter and declare that great injustice has been done the company. Said Mr. E. E. Pope to a representative of The Constitution yesterday: "The whole trouble grows out of the ignorance of the district overseers as to where the district line runs. If this is the explanation it must be due to the enmity of the road overseers. The mine is now shut down and as a consequence of the imprisonment of our men we are losing from \$30 to \$35 a day. Although satisfaction has been rendered, so far as taxes are concerned, not a cent could have been legally required, as the men are not residents of the county having been transported as blasters from North Carolina." The complaint against the district and county overseers is a grave one and will doubtless be thoroughly investigated by the governor.

REPUBLICANS DENY IT.

Noah Johnson and F. H. Sheppard Say There is No Deal.

Several days ago The Washington Post, The Constitution and other newspapers published a statement that Congressman Fleming had submitted affidavits to the fourth assistant postmaster general going to show that Noah Johnson, a prominent colored republican leader in Washington county, had received \$50 as a consideration for his endorsement of the application of Mr. F. H. Sheppard to be postmaster at Harrison, Ga., a town thirteen miles from Sandersville. The statement was published, and Congressman Fleming filed the affidavits above referred to with the postoffice department, and the commission was revoked. Johnson and Sheppard arrived in Atlanta yesterday to confer with Colonel Buck, whom they presented their case—each denying most positively that there was any deal. Johnson says that he received no consideration whatever from Sheppard, and that he recommended the latter of his own free will and accord, and because he believed he would make a good postmaster. He says that he has offered a reward of \$50 for proof of the charges which have been filed against him.

Sheppard says that he never paid Johnson a cent, and that his skirts are as clean as a sheet. He says that he will push the matter vigorously, as he is not content to give up the postoffice, to which he had already been appointed, under a charge of this kind. Johnson is a colored Missionary Baptist preacher and has been prominent in politics of the south district. He supported Congressman Fleming in the last campaign. Sheppard is a white republican, and says he has been a consistent member of that party for the past nine years. He did not support the democratic nominee for congress.

DEK GETS A RESPIRE.

Governor Atkinson Signed What May Be Tom Delk's Last Respite.

Tom Delk has received the last respite Governor Atkinson will probably give him. He was respite yesterday until June 15th and unless some unforeseen emergency arises the governor will not again respite him.

Judge Beck, in answer to a telegram from Governor Atkinson, has stated that the trial of Taylor Delk has been set for the first week in June and it is thought that it will not be continued under any circumstances.

It is very probable that Tom Delk will be hanged immediately after the trial, since the governor seems to think that he has given the counsel for Taylor Delk enough time in which to obtain a trial for him. The governor stated yesterday that unless some unforeseen emergency arises Delk will hang on the day named in the respite.

Woodbury's Facial Soap and Facial Cream. If used daily will soften, whiten, beautify and preserve the skin from the natural enemies, dirt, dust and every kind of irritation. These articles exceed in sales any similar preparation that has ever been sold anywhere. Sample of either sent on receipt of 10c. John H. Woodbury, 127 West 42nd street, New York.

A Household Word. This is what To-Ka has become—at least in thousands of Atlanta homes. It can safely be said that it is now by word of mouth of families who pronounce it the best of all blood tonics. The Mexican medicine which will sell for a short time a large 31 bottle of To-Ka for 25 cents. Samples free. 2 Whitehall street.

Are You Dyspeptic? A few drops of Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy. A few drops will cure you. For sale everywhere.

Office Stationery. Of every description at John M. Miller's, 39 Marietta street. Tel. 141-4.

MANY LAND SALES

Spring Auctions of Real Estate Are On and They Are Many.

MANY COME NEXT WEEK

Mr. Turman, Mr. Hendrix and Others Have Them on the Real Estate Programme.

As the spring days begin to advance, bringing with them the flowers that lift up their heads under the influence of the warm rays of the sun, the tender shoots of bluegrass that push through the earth as if eager to outstrip each other in beautifying nature and the trees that are fast becoming green with their budding foliage, the soul of the real estate man begins to wander, as if by instinct, to land sales and auctions.

From time immemorial the auction sales of land have taken place in the spring. When all nature is smiling and happy, and the cooling breezes that temper the rays of the sun and gently sway the boughs of the trees, but give added eloquence to that mightiest of all orators—the auctioneer.

Already the little red flags announcing that sales will take place have been hung out.

The opening sale of the season will be conducted by Mr. S. B. Turman next Monday. The property is on the corner of South Forsyth and Peters streets and begins at 12 o'clock in the day. As this is the opening sale, it is probable that a large crowd will be present, and of course the usual amount of fun at the expense of the auctioneer will be indulged in by those present.

The second sale, as has so far been announced, will be conducted by Messrs. J. C. Hendricks & Co. next Wednesday at 10 o'clock in the morning. This sale consists of forty-three lots, which are situated on Windsor, Cooper and Formwalt streets and Dodd avenue. Then on the same day at 4 o'clock in the afternoon Mr. H. L. Wilson will sell two ten-room residences on West Peachtree street, just north of Baker street.

Besides these sales there are a number of others that will no doubt take place within the course of the next few weeks, but all of the preliminary arrangements have not as yet been completed and they have not been advertised. Of course the enterprising auctioneer will serve lunches at his auctions. These lunches generally consist of beer and sandwich and are always enjoyed by those who attend.

The real estate men of the city report that sales are on an increase and there seems to be a good many people from other cities who are willing to invest in Atlanta dirt. If this be true it is probable that a good lot of property will change hands within the course of the next few months.

Be this as it may, there is no doubt that the market for auctioned property and the auctioneer will now be in his glory if buyers are plentiful.

Invest 10 cents for a trial size of a popular remedy for Catarrh. Ask for Ely's Cream Balm.

GOVERNOR'S PARTY RETURNS

Governor Atkinson Is Well Pleased With His Treatment at Augusta.

Governor Atkinson and his staff and party returned from Augusta yesterday, where they spent Wednesday. The governor was well pleased with the treatment he received at the hands of the military and the city had on its holiday garb. Governor Atkinson is more than pleased with the trip and he is delighted with the manner in which he was entertained by the Augusta people. In speaking of the honorary escort which conducted him to the barber shop, the governor said it was the most truly military escort he ever saw.

He was surprised to be given an escort for such a short distance, but he accepted the honor and marched with the soldiers to the reception room of the hotel, where he met the officers of the Sixth regiment. "The best way I can express the manner of my entertaining and the highest compliment I can pay to those who had the matter in charge is to say that Savannah could have done no better," said the governor.

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n. recommends the use of the greatest of all tonics, "Malt-Nutrine, and guarantees the merits claimed for it. For sale by all druggists.

Iron Mountain Route.

All trains via the Iron Mountain Route are running through from St. Louis to Memphis, St. Springs and All Texas points.

"Busted."

What? Your trunk or valise? We'll fix it. Our price for repairing isn't high, but you, either. Foot's Trunk Factory, 51 East Alabama street.

Low Excursion Rates to Hawkinsville, Georgia.

On account of the Ocmulgee chautauque, the Southern railway will sell tickets from Atlanta, Macon, Gainsville and other intermediate stations to Hawkinsville and return at a rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets valid until June 1st, 1907. Inclusive; final limit of tickets May 11th.

For information apply to any agent of the Southern railway or connecting lines. Ticket office Kimball house corner, Atlanta, Ga.
A. A. Vernoy, P. A.; W. D. Allen, D. P. A.; S. H. Hardwick, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

PERSONAL.

Is your cottage cosy? It is not unless the walls are papered appropriately. We sell and hang paper at the lowest prices. Call on the McNeel Paint and Glass Co., 120 Whitehall street.

C. J. Daniel. Handsome stock new wall paper. Beautiful designs, blended friezes, low prices. Call on the McNeel Paint and Glass Co., 120 Whitehall street.

When in need of paint or painting materials, call on or address McNeel Paint and Glass Co., 120 Whitehall street.

G. W. ADAIR, AUCTIONEER.

MAJOR CLEM'S Household Furniture.

On the 1st of May I will sell upon the premises, No. 12 Gonn, street, a splendid lot of household and kitchen furniture all in good condition and most of it good as new.

If you need anything in this line from a folding bed to a frying pan, this gives you a chance to fill the bill.

Be sure and attend the sale, which begins promptly at 3 o'clock.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer, apr 30 may 1

ANSLEY BROS.

Real Estate and Loans.
\$2,750 for a beautiful lot on north side, just half mile out, nice street and location, worth double this.

\$2,500 for the nicest home for the price on the north side, paved street, nice shade. Come see it. Near Peachtree. All conveniences.

\$2,000 for new 7-room house on south side. Terms easy.

No Profit

There certainly is no profit in selling Men's and Boys' Spring Suits at Half Price. It sounds like an exaggeration, but it's the truth when we say that we're closing out the balance of Eads-Neel Co.'s Spring Stock of Clothing at from 20 to 35 per cent. less than the actual cost of production. Prudent men, whether short on Clothes or not, will buy

A \$10 SUIT FOR \$5.00
A \$12 SUIT FOR \$6.00
A \$15 SUIT FOR \$7.50

Scores drop in daily and enrich their warm-weather wardrobes by purchasing one or more items of our present phenomenal offerings. You'd better come quick.

M. R. Emmons & Co.
FORMERLY
Eads-Neel Co.

THE INK USED ON THIS PAPER IS FROM THE

Standard Printing Ink Co.,
No. 20 W. Canal St., CINCINNATI, O.
Established in 1857.

36 Building Lots and Two Houses and Lots

AT PUBLIC SALE

WEDNESDAY, MAY 12TH,
Beginning at 10 O'clock A. M. on Capitol Avenue, Atlanta Avenue and Bass Street.

All the lots graded and ready for building. Five street car lines at or near each lot. The property belongs to a land company who owes some money, and the stockholders here in Atlanta dirt. If this be true it is probable that a good lot of property will change hands within the course of the next few months.

Be this as it may, there is no doubt that the market for auctioned property and the auctioneer will now be in his glory if buyers are plentiful.

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Be sure and attend the sale, which begins promptly at 3 o'clock.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer, apr 30 may 1

ANSLEY BROS.

Real Estate and Loans.
\$2,750 for a beautiful lot on north side, just half mile out, nice street and location, worth double this.

\$2,500 for the nicest home for the price on the north side, paved street, nice shade. Come see it. Near Peachtree. All conveniences.

\$2,000 for new 7-room house on south side. Terms easy.

43 Lots

ON WINDSOR, COOPER AND FORMWALT STS. AND DODD AVE.

AT AUCTION.

Wednesday, May 5, 1897.

Lunch and Refreshments on the Grounds. Beginning at 10 O'clock A. M.

This is a fine group of lots, on street car lines with curbing and sidewalks. In a section of the city that is improving faster than any other in Atlanta. The shops of the Southern railroad, the Woolen factory, the Atlanta Lumber Company's shops, the Iron Car railroad shops, and many other smaller industries nestle by. The Cooper street car line runs through the property. Pryor street car lines just at it. Every lot is high, with good views, good neighbors, good water and good air. We begin the sale at 10 o'clock a. m., as we intend to sell every lot. We have lunch and refreshments on the grounds, so don't wait for dinner—will have plenty. Two years ago we announced that we would sell the adjoining property to this for the Equitable Land Company, and would sell every lot at what they would bring. We say the same thing now. We know you are going to get bargains, but it will be your good fortune. Now, don't stay away and after the sale say, "If I had thought so and so, I would have gone." The unlooked for sometimes happens. The owners sell without conditions, and we shall sell. What else can you put money into with safety? Loan companies are failing, but real estate stands as sound as a gold dollar. Remember the time, 10 o'clock promptly.

TERMS—One-third cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months, with 8 per cent interest, payable semi-annually.

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REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.

2-story house; new, with every convenience; never occupied; on electric line, near Peachtree and 10th street. Terms. Elegant home, elevated and deep lot, tile walk; every modern convenience; slate roof. 23 Capitol avenue, at a price that will interest you.

Lot 50x150, covered with oak grove, between Peachtree and 10th street, for just \$500. Also five houses with 104 feet front on paved Peachtree street, rent, \$250 per annum, price \$3,000. Improved property, close in, renting for only \$125. Two-story house, elevated lot, near Inman Park, \$1,150; easy terms.

Office 408 Equitable building. Phone 1208.

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G. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate and Renting Agent.

14 Wall St., Kimball House.

I have for sale a nice, cozy, 6-room cottage, situated on one of the best cross streets in Atlanta and just one block from Peachtree. Such places are seldom offered for sale at a reasonable price and are always easy sellers.

This is a bargain. Call at office for particulars.

I am also offering a brand new 6-room cottage with all conveniences, a new house, close in, and everything that adds to the beauty of a home, just one block from Peachtree street. This place is cheap at \$2,750 and can be had for \$2,500.

I have several Peachtree homes that can be bought at once at a bargain. Come in and see me if you wish to buy or sell.

W. L. STANTON CO.,

COLLEGE PARK REAL ESTATE.

This is Atlanta's most desirable resident suburb on account of—

1. PURE AIR AND GOOD WATER.

2. SUPERIOR EDUCATIONAL ADVANTAGES.

3. PROXIMITY TO ATLANTA with 20 trains daily at 50 trips.

locate on the white spot of the health map of this country, call or let us know by mail when you can go, and I will show you College Park without cost. 62 S. Forsyth street, Atlanta.

W. L. STANTON, Manager.

H. L. Wilson, Auctioneer.

FOR SALE

Splendid

210-Room Residences

Wednesday, May 5th, at 4 O'clock,

On West Peachtree St.,

JUST NORTH OF BAKER, NOS. 22-26.

The lots are 50x130 feet to an alley. The houses are generously supplied with all of the up-to-date conveniences; 14 closets in each house. Here is a rare chance to secure an attractive home, surrounded with all the city improvements, close in to business as could be desired, with street car facilities, and a portion of the city. You can never hope to buy a Peachtree home as cheap again as right now. Prices are bound to increase with the constant increasing demand for homes properly situated. There is a bigger demand for good real estate today than there has been for three years. Those who buy now will save money. Examine this property for yourself, note the central position, in the most desirable part of Atlanta; consider prices being paid for real estate a mile or more north of it. The influx of population is so rapidly building up our great city that values must necessarily increase. The owner wants the money and intends to sell the highest bidder. Now is your time. Terms, part cash, balance long time at 6 per cent interest.

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Dust-Proof and Self-Oiling Columbia Bearings, Tires, Chain and Saddle; equal to any \$100 machine except THE COLUMBIA. Made and guaranteed by the Pope Manufacturing Company.

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